



## Endorsement Signatures & Endorser Qualifications

If you submit 25 original endorsement signatures and find out later that a person (or persons) was not eligible to vote on the day that they signed the endorsement, you will not lose your nomination. The person who supplied false information (by declaring that they were eligible to endorse your nomination when they were not eligible) could be subject to prosecution.

**Candidates must supply the following Endorsement Qualifications information to anyone who provides an endorsement;** (adapted from Municipal Elections Act, 1996, *(the Act)* Section 17)

Anyone providing an endorsement signature must be eligible to vote in the municipality on the day that they signed the endorsement; i.e. they must

- a) reside in the local municipality or be the owner or tenant of land there, or be the spouse of such owner or tenant;
- b) be a Canadian citizen;
- c) be at least 18 years old; and
- d) not be prohibited from voting under subsection (3) or otherwise by law. *The Act* 2002, c. 17, Sched. D, s. 5 (2); 2005, c. 5, s. 46 (1) (see below)

### Persons prohibited from voting

(3) The following are prohibited from voting: *(and therefore do not qualify to endorse a nominee)*

- a) A person who is serving a sentence of imprisonment in a penal or correctional institution.
- b) A corporation.
- c) A person acting as executor or trustee or in any other representative capacity, except as a voting proxy in accordance with section 44.
- d) A person who was convicted of the corrupt practice described in subsection 90 (3), if voting day in the current election is less than five years after voting day in the election in respect of which he or she was convicted. 1996, c. 32, Sched., s. 17 (3); 2006, c. 9, Sched. H, s. 4.