### The Corporation of the Town of Parry Sound Consolidated Financial Statements For the year ended 2023

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### Independent Auditor's Report

#### To the Mayor and Councilors of The Corporation of the Town of Parry Sound

#### Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of The Corporation of the Town of Parry Sound (the "Town"), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2023, and the consolidated statement of operations and accumulated surplus, the consolidated statement of change in net financial assets and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Town as at December 31, 2023, and its consolidated results of operations, its consolidated change in net financial assets and, its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance Canadian public sector accounting standards.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Town in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Town's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Town or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Town's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.



As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Town's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Town to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Town to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

BDO Canada LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Barrie, Ontario March 28, 2025

December 31	2023	
		Restated (note 3)
Financial assets		
Cash (note 4)	\$44,145,425	\$ 38,240,782
Short-term investments (note 5)	5,779,085	5,246,192
Taxes receivable (note 6)	1,211,413	793,959
Accounts receivable	2,734,748	2,878,083
Inventories held for resale	71,752	105,079
Long-term receivables (note 7)	3,038,324	707,502
Investment in Lakeland Holding Ltd.(note 8)	5,855,104	5,855,104
	(2.025.054	52 02/ 704
	62,835,851	53,826,701
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	4,808,504	4,653,137
Accrued interest on debt	192,124	201,482
WSIB future benefits liability (note 10)	40,200	40,200
Deferred revenue - general (note 12)	4,151,633	3,303,199
Deferred revenue - obligatory reserve funds (note 13)	1,405,962	1,570,063
Long-term debt (note 14)	17,154,034	18,124,514
Obligations under capital lease (note 15)	541,297	-
Asset retirement obligations (note 20)	1,867,928	1,687,441
	30,161,682	29,580,036
		27,500,050
Net financial assets	32,674,169	24,246,665
Non-financial assets		
Tangible capital assets (note 19)	123,774,433	124,400,087
Prepaid expenses	96,179	777,556
Trepaid expenses	70,177	777,550
	123,870,612	125,177,643
Accumulated surplus (note 21)	¢ 166 611 701	¢ 1 40 424 209
Accumulated sulpius (note 21)	\$ 156,544,781	\$149,424,308

### The Corporation of the Town of Parry Sound Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

Contingencies and commitments (notes 16 and 17)

Approved by Council Mayor -Chief Administrative Officer 12

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

#### Budget For the year ended December 31 2023 2023 2022 Restated (note 27) (note 3) Revenue Property taxation (note 22) \$ 12,717,810 \$13,329,955 \$ 12,358,835 Taxation from other governments 509,018 530,437 513,360 Revenue from other municipalities (note 25) 5,306,060 7,562,817 4,784,540 User charges 8,493,034 8,251,506 8,575,836 Government grants - Federal 110,000 946.868 896,768 10,736,734 Government grants - Provincial (note 25) 9,219,659 10,739,027 Investment income 438,125 2,535,390 1,033,125 125,000 158,238 123,540 Penalties and interest on taxes/utilities Donations 157,432 109,592 50,844 Fines (note 24) 873,495 869,998 928,404 Other 415,041 576,212 424,136 Dividend income - Lakeland Holding Ltd. (note 8) 311,400 311,400 311,400 38,758,876 46,160,675 40,415,485 **Expenses** 3,543,670 2,640,220 2,528,160 General government Protection services (note 24) 4,580,258 4,458,563 4,439,353 Transportation services 5,443,046 5,249,081 4,981,979 Environmental services 7,187,968 6,428,688 6,320,673 Health services (note 25) 12,427,327 12,231,259 11,404,583 Social and family services 437,084 437,083 426,948 Recreation and cultural services 4,657,546 4,588,270 4,119,408 Planning and development 3,007,038 1,302,824 1,198,506 39,475,405 39,040,202 35,523,928 Annual surplus (deficit) (716, 529)7,120,473 4,891,557 Accumulated surplus, beginning of year 149,424,308 149,424,308 144,532,751 Accumulated surplus, end of year \$148,707,779 **\$156,544,781** \$149,424,308

### The Corporation of the Town of Parry Sound Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus

### The Corporation of the Town of Parry Sound Consolidated Statement of Change in Net Financial Assets

For the year ended December 31	Budget 2023		2022
			Restated (note 3)
Annual surplus (deficit)	\$ (716,529)	\$ 7,120,473	\$ 4,891,557
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible assets Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets Change in estimate of TCA - ARO (note 3) Obligation under capital lease	- 5,302,387 - - - -	(4,285,535) 5,619,798 184,461 (222,799) (180,487) (489,785)	
Use (acquisition) of prepaid expenses	-	681,378	(122,572)
Net change in net financial assets	4,585,858	8,427,504	5,027,979
Net financial assets, beginning of the year, as previously stated	24,246,665	24,246,665	20,798,938
Net financial asset PSAS adjustment (note 3)	-	-	(1,580,252)
Net financial assets, beginning of the year, as restated	24,246,665	24,246,665	19,218,686
Net financial assets, end of year	\$ 28,832,523	\$32,674,169	\$ 24,246,665

### The Corporation of the Town of Parry Sound Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended December 31	2023	2022
		Restated (note 3)
Operating transactions Annual surplus	<b>\$</b> 7,120,473 \$	4,891,557
Items not involving cash: Amortization Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets Change in estimate of TCA - ARO	5,619,798 (184,461) 55,355	5,527,213 36,539 53,594
Changes in non-cash operating working capital: Taxes receivable Accounts receivable Inventories held for resale Prepaid expenses Long-term receivables Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accrued interest on debt Deferred revenue - general Deferred revenue - obligatory reserve funds	(417,454) 143,335 33,327 681,377 (2,330,823) 155,368 (9,358) 848,434 (164,101)	(132,460) (685,611) (35,383) (122,572) 28,814 1,395,075 (9,790) 335,451 304,687
Total operating transactions	11,551,270	11,587,114
<b>Capital transactions</b> Acquisition of tangible capital assets Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets	(4,285,535) 222,799	(5,251,164)
Total capital transactions	(4,062,736)	(5,251,164)
Investing transactions Increase in short term investments	(532,893)	(91,604)
Financing transactions Repayment of obligation under capital lease Repayment of long-term debt	(80,518) (970,480)	۔ (1,159,811)
	(1,050,998)	(1,159,811)
Increase in cash	5,904,643	5,084,535
Cash, beginning of year	38,240,782	33,156,247
Cash, end of year	<b>\$44,145,425</b> \$	38,240,782

#### 1. Significant Accounting Policies

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The consolidated financial statements of The Corporation of the Town of Parry Sound (the "Town") are the responsibility of management. They have been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. The Town is a municipality in the Province of Ontario, Canada. It conducts its operations guided by provisions of provincial statues such as the Municipal Act, Municipal Affairs Act and related legislation. The Town provides municipal services such as fire, public works, planning, parks, recreation and other general government services.

#### Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenue, expenses and surplus of the reporting entity. The reporting entity is comprised of all organizations, committees and boards accountable for the administration of their financial affairs and resources to the Town and which are owned or controlled by the Town. In addition to the general government tax supported operations, the larger enterprise includes the following:

Administration of Land Ambulance Services Administration of The Provincial Offences Act Parry Sound Public Library Board Parry Sound Business Improvement Area Board

Partnerships proportionately consolidated in the Town's financial statements include:

	% ownership
West Parry Sound Recreation and Cultural Centre	25%

All inter-departmental and inter-organizational transactions and balances have been eliminated.

#### Basis of Accounting

Sources of financing and expenses are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the period in which the transactions or events occurred that give rise to the revenues; expenses are recognized in the period the goods or services are acquired and a legal liability is incurred, or transfers are due.

#### Reserves and Reserve Funds

Certain amounts, as approved by a Council, are set aside in reserves and reserve funds for future operations and capital purposes. Further disclosure of the amounts are part of accumulated surplus in Note 21 of the consolidated financial statements.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Trust Funds

Trust funds and their related operations administered by the Town are not included in these financial statements but are reported separately on the Trust Funds Balances and Continuity.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Management considers all highly liquid investments with maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

#### **Non-financial Assets**

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the ordinary course of operations.

#### Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Cost includes all costs directly attributable to acquisition or construction of the tangible capital asset including transportation costs, installation costs, design and engineering fees, legal fees and site preparation costs. Amortization is recorded on a straight-line basis over the estimated life of the tangible capital asset commencing once the asset is available for productive use as follows:

Land improvements 20 to 50 years

Buildings and facilities 15 to 75 years

Fleet 5 to 20 years

Machinery and equipment 3 to 30 years

Transportation infrastructure 15 to 80 years

Environmental infrastructures 30 to 80 years

Library books 7 years

#### Tangible Capital Assets Under Construction

Tangible capital assets under construction are recorded at cost. When construction is completed, the tangible capital asset under construction will be transferred to tangible capital assets and amortized based on its classification.

#### **Contributed Tangible Capital Assets**

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at their fair market value at the date the Town assumes ownership and recorded as revenue.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Leases

Leases are classified as operating or capital leases. Leases which transfer substantially all of the benefits and risks incidental to ownership or property are accounted for as capital leases.At inception, a tangible capital asset and an obligation are recorded at an amount equal to the lesser of the present value of the minimum lease payments, excluding executory costs, and the leased asset's fair value at the beginning of the lease. Leased tangible capital assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease as follows:

Vehicles 3-5 years

All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related payments are charged to expense as incurred.

#### Asset Retirement Obligation

A liability for an asset retirement obligation is recognized when there is a legal obligation to incur retirement costs in relation to a tangible capital asset; the past transaction or event giving rise to the liability has occurred; it is expected that future economic benefits will be given up; and a reasonable estimate of the amount can be made. The liability is recorded at an amount that is the best estimate of the expenditure required to retire a tangible capital asset at the financial statement date. This liability is subsequently reviewed at each financial reporting date and adjusted for the passage of time and for any revisions to the timing, amount required to settle the obligation or the discount rate. Upon the initial measurement of an obligation, a corresponding asset retirement cost is added to the carrying value of the related tangible capital asset if it is still in productive use. This cost is amortized over the useful life of the tangible capital asset. If the related tangible capital asset is unrecognized or no longer in productive use, the asset retirement costs are expensed.

#### Collection of Taxes on Behalf of Other Taxation Authorities

The Town collects taxation revenue on behalf of the school boards. Such levies, other revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities with respect to the operations of these entities are not reflected in these financial statements.

#### Pension Plan

The Town is an employer member of the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System (OMERS), which is a multi-employer, defined benefit pension plan. The Board of Trustees, representing plan members and employers, is responsible for overseeing the management of the pension plan, including investment of assets and administration of the benefits. The Town has adopted defined contribution plan accounting principles for this Plan because insufficient information is available to apply defined benefit plan accounting principles. The Town records as pension expense the amount paid to OMERS during the year plus any amounts owing to OMERS for the year ended.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Deferred Revenue

Funds received for specific purposes which are externally restricted by legislation, regulation or agreement and are not available for general municipal purposes are accounted for as deferred revenue on the consolidated statement of financial position. The revenue is recognized in the consolidated statement of operations in the year in which it is used for the specified purpose.

#### Government Transfers

Revenue is recognized when the transfer is authorized, and any eligibility criteria are met, except to the extent that transfer stipulations give rise to an obligation that meets the definition of a liability. Transfers are recognized as deferred revenue when transfer stipulations give rise to a liability. Transfer revenue is recognized in the statement of operations as the stipulation liabilities are settled.

#### **Revenue Recognition**

Taxes are recorded at estimated amounts when they meet the definition of an asset, have been authorized and the taxable event occurs. For property taxes, the taxable event is the period for which the tax is levied. As taxes recorded are initially based on management's best estimate of the taxes that will be received, it is possible that changes in future conditions, such as reassessments due to audits, appeals and court decisions, could result in a change in the amount of tax revenue recognized. Taxes receivable are recognized net of an allowance for anticipated uncollectable amounts.

Charges for sewer and water usage are recorded as user fees. Connection fee revenues are recognized when the connection has been established.

User fees are recognized as revenue when the services are provided and collection can be reasonably assured.

Sales of service and other revenue is recognized on an accrual basis, when services have been rendered.

Investment income is reported as revenue in the year earned. Investment income earned on obligatory reserve funds is added to the fund balance and forms part of the deferred revenue balance.

POA fine revenue is recognized on a cash basis when receipt of funds is recorded by the provincial ICON system regardless of the location where payment is made. This is because until cash is received there is considerable uncertainty around collection.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The principal estimates used in the preparation of these financial statements include the useful life and valuation of tangible capital assets and contributed tangible capital assets, asset retirment obligation, valuation of taxes receivable and significant accruals, including WSIB obligation. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates as additional information becomes available in the future.

#### Workplace Safety and Insurance Board

The Town bears the cost of certain insurance and pension benefits awarded under the workplace safety and insurance legislation. The Town has adopted the following valuation methods and assumptions.

#### Funding Policy:

The WSIB plan is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. The Town funds on a cash basis as benefits are paid. No assets have been formally segregated and restricted to provide these benefits.

#### Accounting Policies:

The costs of WSIB obligations are actuarially determined based on the above and are expensed in the period they occur. Any actuarial gains and losses that are related to WSIB benefits are recognized immediately in the period they arise. The Town's fiscal year is December 31 and this is the measurement date of the Town's obligation.

Plan amendments are immediately recognized in the year of the effective change. Any actuarial gain at the time of introduction of a plan amendment that results in a past service loss, the gain is offset against the past service loss before any recognition of the amendment takes place.

#### Inventories Held for Resale

Inventories held for resale are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value, with cost being determined using the first in first out method.

#### Financial Instruments

Cash and equity instruments quoted in active market are measured at fair value. Accounts receivable, accounts payable, and long-term debt are measured at cost or amortized cost. The carrying amount of each of these financial instruments is presented on the statement of financial position.

Unrealized gains and losses from changes in the fair value of portfolio investments are recognized in the statement of remeasurement gains and losses. Upon settlement, the cumulative gain or loss is reclassified from the statement of remeasurement gains and losses and recognized in the statement of operations. Interest and dividends attributable to financial instruments are reported in the statement of operations.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

When investment income and realized and unrealized gains and losses from changes in the fair value of financial instruments are externally restricted, the investment income and fair value changes are recognized as revenue in the period in which the resources are used for the purpose specified. For financial instruments, such as GICs, these are measured using amortized cost, the effective interest rate method is used to determine interest revenue or expense. All financial assets are tested annually for impairment. When financial assets are impaired, impairment losses are recorded in the statement of operations.

Transaction costs are added to the carrying value for financial instruments measured using cost or amortized cost. Transaction costs are expensed for financial instruments measured at fair value

#### 2. Change in Accounting Policy

Effective January 1, 2023, the Town adopted new Public Sector Accounting Handbook Standard 3280 Asset Retirement Obligations. The new standard requires the Town evaluate their assets for any potential asset retirement obligations. This change in accounting policy has been made in accordance with the modified retroactive application approach of the standard with restatement of prior period (opening accumulated surplus/deficit).

Effective January 1, 2023, the Town adopted new Public Sector Accounting Handbook Standard 3450 Financial Instruments which establishes standards for recognizing and measuring financial assets, financial liabilities and derivatives. This change in accounting policy has been applied prospectively. As the Town has not experienced any unrealized gains or losses arising from changes in fair value, a statement of remeasurement gains and losses has not been included in the consolidated financial statements.

#### 3. Adoption of Section PS 3280, Asset Retirement Obligations (ARO)

Effective April 1, 2022, the Town adopted Section PS 3280, Asset Retirement Obligations (ARO) using the modified retroactive approach, which requires restatement of the prior period (opening accumulated surplus/deficit). As a result of the adoption, the presentation of the financial statements changed from the prior year. The new standard requires the recognition of asset retirement obligations when all conditions listed in Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies - Asset Retirement Obligations are met. The following financial statement balances and amounts in the prior year have been affected. The impact of adoption of this standard was as follows:

	As	previously reported		Adjustments	As restated
<u>Consolidated Statement of Financial Positio</u> Tangible capital assets Asset retirement obligation Accumulated surplus	<u>n</u> \$ \$ \$	124,097,338 - 150,809,001	\$ \$ \$	302,749 1,687,441 (1,384,693)	\$ 124,400,087 \$ 1,687,441 \$ 149,424,308
<u>Consolidated Statement of Change in Net Fi</u> Annual surplus Change in estimate of TCA - ARO Net financial assets, beginning of year Net financial assets, end of year	<u>nanc</u> \$ \$ \$ \$	<u>ial Assets</u> 4,955,743 - 20,798,938 25,934,107	\$ \$ \$	(64,186) (53,594) (1,580,252) (1,687,442)	\$ 4,891,557 \$ (53,594) \$ 19,218,686 \$ 24,246,665
<u>Consolidated Statement of Operations</u> Accumulated surplus, beginning of year Annual surplus Accumulated surplus, end of year	\$ \$ \$	145,853,258 4,955,743 150,809,001	\$ \$ \$	(1,320,507) (64,186) (1,384,693)	\$ 144,532,751 \$ 4,891,557 \$ 149,424,308

#### 4. Cash

	2023	2022
General accounts Reserve funds Obligatory reserve funds	\$ 33,645,432 \$ 9,979,246 520,747	33,285,558 4,568,036 387,188
	<b>\$ 44,145,425</b> \$	38,240,782

The Town's bank accounts earn interest at BSN + 0.300%.

#### 5. Short-Term Investments

		2023		2022
Guaranteed Investment Certificates, interest rates ranging from 1.34% to 5.12%, maturing from January 2024 to November 2026	\$	4,332,054	\$	3,864,160
Marketable securities Canadian Corporate Bonds, with effective yield rates of		1,242,031		1,177,032
2.60% (2022 - 2.60%), maturing November 2030 (2022 - November 2023)		205,000		205,000
	\$	5,779,085	\$	5,246,192
6. Taxes Receivable				2022
<b>T</b>	-	2023	<u>_</u>	2022
Taxes receivable Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	\$	1,261,413 50,000	\$	843,959 50,000
	\$	1,211,413	\$	793,959

#### 7. Long-Term Receivables

In May of 2018 the Town entered into a Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") with Property Owners in regards to developing lots on Dennis and Macklaim Drive for residential purposes. The MOU provided that the Town would have the lots identified serviced with municipal water and sewer and the costs of this would be recovered from the property owners once the work was completed. The MOU noted collection would be through immediate repayment or put on the tax bills of the benefiting properties and paid over a period of time.

#### 7. Long-Term Receivables (continued)

In 2020, the Town passed a By-Law to impose the fees/charges to the property owners and gave each property owner the option of paying back the cost over time up to 20 years with interest or immediately thus avoiding borrowing cost over the period. Total costs incurred on the project were approximately \$830,013 which were temporarily funded through the Town's General Working Capital Reserve (per Resolution 2018-046). \$677,873 (2022 - \$707,502) has been included in the long-term receivable on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position.

In 2021, the Town incurred a debenture from Ontario Infrastructure and Land Corporation ("OILC") in the principal amount of \$750,424 towards the total costs incurred on the project. See note 14 for details. The Town will recover interest costs over time from property owners who choose to defer payments.

In addition, in the current year, the Town passed a By-Law to loan the Parry Sound Area Municipal Airport (PSAMA) \$2,300,000 for the completion of the Runway Project. The loan has a 25-year amortization with 5-year terms and be repaid with an interest rate of no less than the rate being earned by the Town's bank accounts and no more than Scotia bank composite prime. A total of \$2,300,000, plus accrued interest of \$60,451 has been included in the long-term receivable on the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position.

#### 8. Investment In Lakeland Holding Ltd.

In December of 2013, The Town and Parry Sound Hydro Corporation ("Hydro") entered into a merger agreement with Lakeland Holding Ltd. ("Lakeland"). In exchange for its 100% ownership of Hydro, the Town initially received 13.5% ownership of Lakeland. Based on an Independent Electricity System Operator it was confirmed that the upgrade to the Cascade Generation Station was completed on October 13, 2017, increasing ownership of Lakeland to 15.57%. As a result of the initial transaction, the Town's investment in Lakeland is recorded as a portfolio investment at cost of \$5,855,104.

The Town records its investment in Lakeland as a portfolio investment at cost because it owns a minority interest and is not considered part of the reporting entity given control is not demonstrated. For information purposes, if control existed the investment would be considered an investment in a Government Business Enterprise (GBE) and would have been recorded using the modified equity method. Under that method there would be an equity pickup for the Town's share of the net assets of Lakeland. The total shareholders' equity of Lakeland as of December 31, 2023 was \$63,647,043 (2022 restated- \$61,256,693) of which the Town owns a 15.57% stake equating to \$9,909,845 (2022 restated - \$9,537,667). This does not represent the fair market value of the investment as the shareholders' equity is a reflection of the Town's share of the net assets of Lakeland.

#### 9. Bank Indebtedness

The Town has established a bank operating credit facility of up to 4,000,000 bearing interest at the bank's prime rate less 0.75%. As at December 31, 2023 there was \$NIL (2022 - \$NIL) drawn on the operating credit facility.

#### 10. Workplace Safety and Insurance Board Obligations

The Town is a Schedule 1 employer under the Workplace Safety and Insurance Act and, as such, the Board insures all claims by its injured workers under the Act. The Town's insurance premiums for the year ended December 31, 2023 were \$187,609 (2022 - \$187,511) and are included in the Town's current year benefit costs.

	 2023	2022
WSIB accrued benefit obligation and liability beginning of year	\$ 40,200 \$	40,200
WSIB expenses for the year net of benefits paid	-	-
WSIB accrued benefit obligation and liability end of year	\$ <b>40,200</b> \$	40,200

The costs and liabilities related to WSIB are based on an actuarial valuation prepared by an independent firm. The date of the most recent actuarial valuation was as of December 31, 2021. The actuarial valuation was based on assumptions about future events. The economic assumptions used in this valuation are the management's best estimates of expected rates of:

Expected future inflation rates	2.00%
Discount on accrued benefit obligations	2.00%
WSIB Health care cost escalation	4.00%

#### 11. Pension Plan

The Town makes contributions to the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement Fund ("OMERS"), which is a multi-employer pension plan. The plan is a defined benefit plan, which specifies the amount of the retirement benefit to be received by the employee based on length of service and rates of pay. OMERS provides pension services to more than 612,533 active and retired members and over 1,000 employers.

Each year an independent actuary determines the funding status of OMERS Primary Pension Plan ("the Plan") by comparing the actuarial value of invested assets to the estimated present value of all pension benefits that members have earned to date. The most recent actuarial valuation of the Plan was conducted at December 31, 2023. The results of this valuation disclosed total actuarial liabilities of \$136,185 million in respect of benefits accrued for service with actuarial assets at that date of \$131,983 million indicating an actuarial deficit of \$4,202 million. Because OMERS is a multi-employer plan, any pension plan surpluses or deficits are a joint responsibility of Ontario municipal organizations and their employees. As a result, the Town does not recognize any share of the OMERS pension surplus or deficit. Contributions made by the Town to OMERS for 2023 were \$551,062 (2022 - \$507,972) and are included as an expense on the Consolidated Statement of Operations.

#### 12. Deferred Revenue - General

	Opening Balance	Со	ntributions Received	Revenue Recognized/ Deposits Returned	Ending Balance
Deferred government funding Deferred user charges Contractor and developer	\$ 1,928,324 197,831	\$	735,106 728,601	\$ (289,189) <b>\$</b> (191,060)	2,374,241 735,372
deposits/securities	 1,177,044		-	(135,024)	1,042,020
	\$ 3,303,199	\$	1,463,707	\$ (615,273) <b>\$</b>	4,151,633

#### **Deferred Government Funding**

Funding is provided by the Government of Canada or the Province of Ontario. Any funds that are not used in the current year are deferred for use on future costs for the specified project(s) for which the funding was received.

#### Deferred User Charges

These funds have been set aside for future use and will be recognized into revenue once the activity/service is provided to the user. Deferred user charges include items such as account credits, gift certificates and prepaid rentals.

#### Contractor and Developer Deposits/Securities

Refundable deposits/securities held by the Town for development agreement/site plant agreements for commercial, industrial and institutional development, as well as residential development of four units or more. These agreements are registered on title, often with securities held to ensure development proceeds in accordance with the submitted plans and studies.

#### 13. Deferred Revenue - Obligatory Reserve Funds

	Opening Balance	ontributions Received		Revenue Recognized	Ending Balance
Federal gas tax Provincial gas tax Recreational land	\$1,122,158 276,362 171,543	\$ 424,134 57,624 5,990	\$ 58,867 21,630 12,243	\$ (713,934) <b>\$</b> (30,630) (25)	891,225 324,986 189,751
	\$1,570,063	\$ 487,748	\$ 92,740	\$ (744,589) <b>\$</b>	1,405,962

#### Federal gas tax

Gas tax revenue is provided by the Government of Canada. The use of the funding is established by a funding agreement between the Town and the Province of Ontario. Gas tax funding may be used towards designated community energy, water, wastewater, solid waste and capacity building projects as specified in the funding agreements.

#### Provincial gas tax

Gas tax revenue is provided by the Ministry of Transportation. The use of the funding is established by a funding agreement between the Town and the Province of Ontario. Gas tax funding may be used towards public transportation service (transit) eligible expenditures.

#### Recreational land

The parkland reserve funds have been set aside as required by Provincial legislation which restricts how these funds may be used and, under certain circumstances, how these funds may be refunded.

### December 31, 2023

### 14. Long-Term Debt

	2023	2022
Debenture for McDougall Water Works Project; semi-annual principal payments of \$50,000 plus interest at 4.61% per annum; matures December 2026.	\$ 300,000	\$ 400,000
Debenture for Gibson St.; semi-annual principal payments of \$28,750 plus interest at 5.04% per annum; matures October 2027.	230,001	287,502
Debenture for Riverdale Rd.; semi-annual principal payments of \$17,500 plus interest at 5.54% per annum; matures December 2028.	175,000	210,000
Debenture for Bobby Orr Community Centre; semi-annual principal payments of \$58,750 plus interest at 4.15% per annum; matures September 2030.	822,500	940,000
Debenture for Forest St. reconstruction; semi-annual principal payments of \$53,333 plus interest at 2.78% per annum; matures March 2031.	800,000	906,667
Debenture for Big Sound Marina, BOCC Roof and Downtown Public Washroom build; semi-annual principal payments of \$14,301 plus interest at 3.15% per annum; matures December 2037.	400,439	429,042
Debenture for the Stockey Centre roof and siding, blended monthly payments of \$23,667; interest at 2.70% per annum; matures December 2039.	611,671	641,876
Debenture for servicing Macklaim and Denis Drive; blended semi-annual payments of \$24,652; interest at 2.81% per annum; matures May 2041.	677,873	707,502
Debenture for Isabella St. realignment and Waubeek St. reconstruction; semi-annual principal payments of \$60,451 plus interest at 2.81% per annum; matures November 2041.	2,176,223	2,297,124
Debenture for Emily Street and William Street; blended monthly payments of \$124,672; interest at 3.54% per annum; matures March 2049.	4,164,968	4,264,229
Debenture for the Bobby Orr Community Centre Ice Pad, blended monthly payments of \$21,319; interest at 2.81% per annum; matures December 2049.	782,859	803,072
Debenture for Municipal offices; semi-annual principal payments of \$50,000 plus interest at 4.61% per annum; matures September 2050.	2,700,000	2,800,000
Debenture for Waste Water Treatment Plant; semi-annual principal payments of \$62,500 plus interest at 5.19% per annum; matures February 2050.	3,312,500	3,437,500
	\$ 17,154,034	\$ 18,124,514

#### 14. Long-Term Debt (continued)

The gross interest expensed in 2023 relating to the above long-term debt was \$701,006 (2022 - \$731,023). Interest paid during the year was \$732,733 (2022 - \$736,988).

Principal repayments for the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

2024	\$ 976,256
2025	982,549
2026	988,381
2027	894,743
2028	843,813
Thereafter	12,468,292
	\$17,154,034

#### 15. Obligations Under Capital Leases

	 2023	2022
Obligation under a capital lease for vehicles, blended		
monthly payments of \$511 to \$1,143, with interest at		
the rate of 5.46% to 8.60%, maturing January 2028 to		
October 2028, secured against the underlying assets		
with a net book value of \$497,452	\$ 541,297	\$

Interest expense for the year related to obligations under capital leases is \$14,183.

Future minimum lease payments under the capital leases for subsequent years are as follows:

2024	\$ 137,552
2025	137,552
2026	137,552
2027	137,552
2028	 104,119
	 654,327
Less: imputed interest	 (113,030)
	\$ 541,297

#### 16. Contingent Liabilities

From time to time, the Town is subject to claims and other lawsuits that arise in the ordinary course of business, some of which may seek damages in substantial amounts. These claims may be covered by the Town's insurance. Liability for these claims and lawsuits is recorded to the extent that the probability of a loss is likely and can be estimated. With respect to claims as at December 31, 2023, management believes that the Town has valid defences and appropriate and adequate insurance coverage in place.

#### 17. Commitments

#### **Operating Agreement West Parry Sound Health Centre**

The Town has entered into an operating agreement with the West Parry Sound Health Centre (WPSHC) whereby the WSPHC provides and operates land ambulance services in the geographical area of Parry Sound using the equipment provided by the Town. This agreement is effective for the period January 1, 2016 to December 31, 2020 and remains in place until a new contract is negotiated. The contract costs are paid based on the annual budget and in year cost increases due to factors not under the control of WPSHC. In the year, the Town paid \$9,847,048 (2022 - \$9,128,326) in contract fees to the WPSHC. Under this agreement the Administration of the Land Ambulance Service is also responsible for covering the costs related to the non-pension post-employment and post-retirement benefits for medical and dental in the year the expense occurs for the Parry Sound Ambulance Service Employees. These costs have been determined during the most recent actuarial valuation conducted in 2021 and the Parry Sound Ambulance Service's share of the total WPSHC liability is \$706,300 (2022 - \$696,400) as of March 31, 2023.

#### Ambulance Base Lease

The Town has entered into an agreement with the Corporation of the Township of the Archipelago for the utilization of property as an ambulance base. The term of the lease is 30 years ending on the 31st day of December, 2047. For the first 15 years of the agreement, the total annual cost will be \$35,572 for a total commitment of \$533,581 over the initial 15 years. The remaining commitment amount for the first 15 years, as of December 31, 2023 is \$344,149. For the final 15 years of the agreement, the Town shall be responsible for its proportionate share of the operating costs of the facility.

#### Ontario Provincial Police (OPP) Municipal Policing

The Town has contracted with the OPP for police services undertaken as per Section 10 of the Police Services Act (PSA). Under the PSA, the Town is responsible for the costs incurred by the OPP in delivering these police services. In the year, the Town paid \$2,042,489 (2022 - \$2,151,163) in police servicing costs to the OPP.

#### West Parry Sound Recreation and Cultural Centre

The Town has entered into an agreement with the West Parry Sound Recreation and Cultural Centre (the "Centre"), a Joint Municipal Service Board established by various municipalities. As such, the Town has committed to 26.7% of the total annual contributions to the operating and capital budgets of the Centre. In the current year, the Town made a capital contribution of \$1,763,895 (2022- \$454,324) to The West Parry Sound Recreation and Cultural Centre related to the planning and development of the Centre.

Subsequent to year end, the Town entered into a non-interest bearing loan agreement with the Centre to purchase a property, with a purchase price of \$2,000,000, on behalf of the Centre to assist with the construction of the community cultural centre.

#### 18. Funds Held In Trust

At December 31, 2023, the Town held \$341,764 (2022 - \$324,883) in trust. These funds are not included in the consolidated statement of financial position and statement of operations.

#### December 31, 2023

#### 19. Tangible Capital Assets

	Land	Land Improvements	Building and Facilities	Machinery and Equipment	Fleet	Library Books	Transportation Infrastructure	Environmental Infrastructure	Assets Under Construction	Total 2023
Cost, beginning of year	\$7,862,395	\$ 9,054,706	\$ 69,034,050	\$ 9,329,433	\$ 7,684,584	\$ 171,635	\$ 67,065,342	\$ 48,787,622	\$ 3,679,980	\$ 222,669,747
Additions	-	210,930	748,334	495,572	811,613	22,079	86,475	-	2,532,347	4,907,350
Disposals	-	-	(31,953)	-	(813,607)	(24,717)	-	-	-	(870,277)
Transfers	-	-	466,589	28,391	-	-	130,078	-	(625,058)	-
ARO	-	-	125,132	-	-	-	-	-	-	125,132
Cost, end of year	7,862,395	9,265,636	70,342,152	9,853,396	7,682,590	168,997	67,281,895	48,787,622	5,587,269	226,831,952
Accumulated amortization, beginning of year	-	4,664,685	30,959,774	5,414,925	3,956,868	80,722	40,656,751	12,535,935	-	98,269,660
Amortization	-	234,323	1,541,679	603,047	712,493	24,331	1,833,684	670,241	-	5,619,798
Disposals	-	-	(31,953)	-	(775,269)	(24,717)	-	-	-	(831,939)
Accumulated amortization, end of, year		4,899,008	32,469,500	6,017,972	3,894,092	80,336	42,490,435	13,206,176	-	103,057,519
	\$7,862,395	\$ 4,366,628	\$ 37,872,652	\$ 3,835,424	\$ 3,788,498	\$ 88,661	\$ 24,791,460	\$ 35,581,446	\$ 5,587,269	\$ 123,774,433

Included in Building and Facilities are asset retirement obligations with a total cost of \$740,089, accumulated amortization of \$322,799 and have a net book value of \$417,290.

Included in fleet are assets held under capital lease with a total cost of \$621,815, accumulated amortization of \$124,363 and have a net book value of \$497,452.

#### December 31,2023

### 19. Tangible Capital Assets (continued)

	Land	Land Improvements	Building and Facilities	Machinery and Equipment	Fleet	Library Books	Transportation Infrastructure	Environmental Infrastructure	Assets Under Construction	Total 2022
										(Restated - note 3)
Cost, beginning of year	\$7,728,529	\$ 8,931,078	\$ 68,659,527	\$ 8,777,694	\$ 7,097,610	\$ 166,102	\$ 66,922,130	\$ 48,695,508	\$ 643,608	\$217,621,786
Additions	133,866	123,628	405,000	547,336	623,857	27,117	136,696	143,428	3,110,236	5,251,164
Disposals	-	-	(32,795)	(55,182)	(36,883)	(21,584)	-	-	-	(146,444)
Transfers	-	-	2,318	59,585	-	-	6,516	5,445	(73,864)	-
Other adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(56,759)	-	(56,759)
Cost, end of year	7,862,395	9,054,706	69,034,050	9,329,433	7,684,584	171,635	67,065,342	48,787,622	3,679,980	222,669,747
Accumulated amortization, beginning of year	-	4,422,608	29,457,227	4,880,401	3,349,190	66,679	38,807,437	11,925,569		92,909,111
Amortization	-	242,077	1,525,859	578,154	640,560	24,124	1,849,314	667,125	-	5,527,213
Disposals	-	-	(23,312)	(43,630)	(32,882)	(10,081)		-	-	(109,905)
Other adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(56,759)	-	(56,759)
Accumulated amortization, end of year	-	4,664,685	30,959,774	5,414,925	3,956,868	80,722	40,656,751	12,535,935	-	98,269,660
	\$7,862,395	\$ 4,390,021	\$ 38,074,276	\$ 3,914,508	\$ 3,727,716	\$ 90,913	\$ 26,408,591	\$ 36,251,687	\$ 3,679,980	\$124,400,087

Included in Building and Facilities are asset retirement obligations with a total cost of \$614,957, accumulated amortization of \$301,617 and have a net book value of \$313,340.

#### December 31, 2023

#### 20. Asset Retirement Obligations

The Town's financial statements include an asset retirement obligation for the incremental cost of removal related to asbestos cement water, sewer and storm mains and safe site closures of bridges, above ground tanks, and the arena facility including ice making equiment. The related asset retirement costs are being amortized on a straight-line basis. The liability has been estimated using a net present value technique with a discount rate of 2.99% to 4.74% (2022 - 3.23% to 4.72%). The estimated total undiscounted future expenditures are \$2,512,113 (2022 - \$2,512,113), which are to be incurred over 1 to 60 years. The liability is expected to be settled from 2024 to 2091.

The carrying amount of the liability is as follows:

	2023	2022
Asset Retirement Obligation, beginning Increase due to accretion expense Increase due to revisions in estimated cash flows	\$ 1,687,441 55,355 125,132	\$ 1,633,847 53,594 
Asset retirement obligation, ending	\$ 1,867,928	\$ 1,687,441

The Town made an inflation adjustment of 2% as of December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

### December 31, 2023

### 21. Accumulated Surplus

The Town segregates its accumulated surplus in the following categories:

		2023	2022
Surplus Investment in tangible capital assets Library and Downtown Improvement Area	\$	105,140,796 (62,448)	\$ 105,137,443 (36,168)
Unfunded capital expenditures		(90,910)	
Investment in Lakeland Holdings Ltd.		5,855,104	5,855,104
General funds		3,677,440	270,559
	_	114,519,982	110,685,820
Reserves set aside by Council			
Working capital		4,239,967	3,250,437
Tax rate stabilization		1,108,674	1,108,674
Transportation		934,142	630,536
Wastewater systems		7,561,121	6,571,690
Waterworks systems		8,816,592	8,118,139
Parks and recreation		625,320	3,683,237
Capital asset purposes		5,025,420	4,112,942
Other purposes		2,916,498	2,234,858
Library		106,841	45,276
Downtown Improvement Area		23,000	23,000
		31,357,575	29,778,789
Reserve Funds set aside for a specific purpose by Council			
Municipal Parking		181,698	175,087
Wastewater and waterworks system		354,814	338,525
Land Ambulance services		2,315,756	1,920,755
Parks and recreation		46,318	43,241
Stockey Centre - Bobby Orr Hall of Fame		237,892	255,235
Capital asset purposes		6,730,943	5,515,990
Other purposes		653,444	536,386
Library bequest fund		146,359	174,480
		10,667,224	8,959,699
Total Accumulated Surplus	\$	156,544,781	\$ 149,424,308

#### December 31, 2023

#### 22. Property Taxation

	Budget 2023 (note 26)	2023	2022
Property Taxes	\$14,886,846	\$ 15,587,310	\$ 14,532,437
Payments to School Boards	(2,169,036)	(2,257,355)	(2,173,602)
Available for General Municipal Purposes	\$12,717,810	\$ 13,329,955	\$ 12,358,835

#### 23. Contributions to Unconsolidated Joint Boards

The following contributions were made to these joint boards.

	 2023	2022
Emergency 911	\$ 3,761 \$	3,221
Parry Sound Area Municipal Airport Commission	10,000	10,000
North Bay Parry Sound Health Unit	477,128	462,962
District of Parry Sound Social Services		
Administration Board	335,693	325,548
Home for the Aged	101,390	101,400
District Museum	 43,300	40,076
	\$ <b>971,272</b> \$	943,207

#### 24. Provincial Offences Administration (POA)

Effective November 15, 1999, the Town has assumed the administration of the Provincial Offences Office at the Parry Sound Courthouse. The transfer of administration from the Ministry of Attorney General to the Town was a result of the Provincial Offences Act (POA) 1997, which provides the framework for the transfer of responsibility and administration of POA courts.

The POA is a procedural law for administrating and prosecuting provincial offences, including those committed under the Highway Traffic Act, Compulsory Automobile Insurance Act, Trespass to Property Act, Liquor Licence Act, Municipal By-laws and minor federal offences. The POA governs all aspects of legal process from serving notice to a defendant, to conducting trials, including sentencing and appeals.

Included in the statement of operations related to POA were fines and transcripts in the amount of \$840,882 (2022 - \$901,671). Expenses of the POA office (before adjustments for amortization and capital asset additions) amounted to \$840,882 (2022 - \$901,671), which includes distribution to the Municipal partners in the amount of \$75,511 (2022 - \$105,008). The total fines revenue of \$869,998 (2022 - \$928,404) on the statement of operations includes the Town's share of POA fines plus By-law fines and library fines.

#### December 31, 2023

#### 25. Land Ambulance Administration

Effective January 1, 2001, the Town has assumed the administration of the Land Ambulance Services for the Parry Sound district. The contracted provider is the West Parry Sound Health Centre.

Included in the statement of operations related to the Land Ambulance Services are grants from the Ministry of Health and Long-term Care in the amount of \$6,715,544 (2022 - \$6,246,358), municipal contributions in the amount of \$4,840,777 (2022 - \$4,610,264). The Town's share of municipal contributions in the amount of \$292,020 (2022 - \$279,024) has been eliminated for purposes of consolidation. The actual expenses (before adjustments for amortization and capital asset additions) for 2023 were \$11,003,454 (2022 - \$10,832,933).

#### 26. Budget

The Financial Plan (Budget) By-Law adopted by Council on March 28, 2023 was not prepared on a basis consistent with that used to report actual results (Canadian public sector accounting standards). The budget was prepared on a modified accrual basis while figures anticipated use of surpluses accumulated in previous years to reduce current year expenditures in excess of current year revenues. In addition, the budget expensed all tangible capital expenditures rather than including amortization expense. As a result, the budget figures presented in the statements of operations and change in net financial assets represent the Financial Plan adopted by Council on March 28, 2023 with adjustments as follows:

	2023
Financial Plan (Budget) Bylaw deficit for the year	\$ -
Add:	
Capital expenditures	12,743,772
Principal repayments on long-term debt	946,330
Budget transfers to reserves	4,783,150
Other	-
Less:	
Amortization	(5,302,387)
Capital Grants	(2,290,138)
Budget transfers from reserves	(4,364,077)
Proceeds from external debt	(7,200,000)
Other	(33,179)
	\$ (716,529)

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#### December 31, 2023

#### 27. Investment in Partnership

The Town owns 25% of the West Parry Sound Recreation and Cultural Centre, which is a Joint Municipal Service Board established by the following Municipalities:

- The Corporation of The Township of the Archipelago
- The Corporation of the Township of Carling
- The Corporation of the Municipality of McDougall
- Corporation of the the Township of McKellar
- The Corporation of the Town of Parry Sound
- The Corporation of the Township of Seguin

The Centre is currently in its design phase. The Centre's primary role will be to provide pool and recreation services to the general public.

The Town accounts for its interests in these partnerships using the proportionate consolidation method.

The following table presents the condensed financial information for the West Parry Sound Recreation and Cultural Centre as of December 31, 2023:

	2023
Financial assets	
Cash	\$ 7,152,800
Accounts receivable	1,279,303
Total assets	\$ 8,432,103
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 155,371
Other liabilities	3,289
	158,660
Net financial assets	8,273,443
Non-financial assets	
Tangible capital assets	1,738,833
Accumulated surplus	\$10,012,276
Results of operations	
Revenue	\$ 8,190,525
Expenses	132,166
Surplus	\$ 8,058,359

During the year, the Town made municipal contributions in the amount of \$1,763,895, which have been eliminated upon consolidation.

#### December 31, 2023

#### 28. Segmented Information

The Town is a diversified municipal government institution that provides a wide range of services to its citizens such as transit, police, fire and water, roads and community services. Distinguishable functional segments have been separately disclosed in the segmented information. The nature of the segments and the activities they encompass are as follows:

#### General Government

General government are revenues and expenses that relate to the operations of the Town itself and cannot be directly attributed to a specific segment.

#### **Protection Services**

Protection is comprised of police services, fire protection, protective inspection and control, emergency measures, and Provincial Offences Administration (see Note 24). The police services work to ensure the safety and protection of the citizens and their property. The fire department is responsible to provide fire suppression service, fire prevention programs, training and education. The members of the fire department consist of volunteers. Inspection and control includes building inspections, by-law enforcement and animal control services.

#### Transportation Services

Transportation is responsible for the seasonal maintenance of roads, bridges, winter control, transit, parking and streetlight.

#### **Environmental Services**

Environmental includes the operation of the waste water infrastructure, storm sewer maintenance, the provision of water to its citizens and the collection, disposal and diversion of solid waste.

#### **Health Services**

Health services oversees the care and maintenance of the Town controlled cemeteries and the Land Ambulance Administration (see note 25).

### Social and Family Services

This service includes transfers to joint boards that provide general assistance, assistance to aged persons, child care and social housing.

#### December 31, 2023

#### 28. Segmented Information (continued)

#### Recreation and Culture Services

This area operates recreational and cultural facilities and programs including parks, beaches, a transient marina, the Bobby Orr Community Centre, the West Parry Sound Recreation Centre and the Charles W. Stockey Centre for the Performing Arts / Bobby Orr Hall of Fame. Also, the Town provides library services to assist with its citizens' informational needs.

#### Planning and Development

This department provides general planning and zoning services and review of all property development plans through its application process. It also facilitates commercial and economic development in a variety of ways along with the operation of the Business Improvement Area.

The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies. In measuring and reporting segment revenue from transactions with other segments, inter-segment transfers are measured on the basis of cost. Amounts that are directly attributable to a number of segments have been allocated on a reasonable basis as follows:

- Taxation, fees and user charges: Allocated to those segments that are funded by these amounts based on the net surplus (deficit) for the year
- Grants: Based on nature of grant

#### 29. Financial Instruments

The Town is exposed to credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk from its financial instruments. This note describes the Town's objectives, policies and processes for managing those risks and the methods used to measure them. Further qualitative and quantitative information in respect of these risks is presented below and throughout these financial statements.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The Town is exposed to credit risk through its cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, other receivables, and portfolio investments. The Town's maximum exposure to credit risk at the financial statement date is the carrying value of its cash, accounts receivable, other receivables, and portfolio investments as presented on the consolidated statement of financial position. Cash is held in federally regulated chartered banks. Credit risk is mitigated by the financial solvency of the organizations with balances due to the Town.

#### December 31, 2023

#### 29. Financial Instruments (continued)

At year end, the amounts outstanding for the Town's accounts receivable are as follows:

		2023		2022					
	Accounts receivable	Long term receivable	Total	Accounts receivable	Long term receivable	Total			
Current	2,353,750	-	2,353,750	2,486,105	-	2,486,105			
31 to 60 days	261,584	-	261,584	323,359	-	323,359			
61 to 90 days Over 90	94,241	-	94,241	7,389	-	7,389			
days	25,173	3,038,324	3,063,497	61,230	707,502	768,732			
Total	2,734,748	3,038,324	5,773,072	2,878,083	707,502	3,585,585			

At year end, management has determined that the credit quality of accounts receivable that are not past due nor impaired, as illustrated in the above table, is high as majority of Town's receivables are from customers with strong history of timely payments. This consistent payment behaviour indicates reliability and reduces the risk of default.

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Town will encounter difficulty in meeting its obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Town is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of its accounts payable, accrued liabilities, and long-term liabilities. The Town mitigates this risk by monitoring cash activities and expected outflows through budgeting and cash flow planning.

The following table sets out the contractual maturities (representing undiscounted contractual cash-flows) of financial liabilities:

		2023									
	Within 6 months	6 months to 1 1 to 5 years year	Over 5 years								
Accounts payable Long-term debt	\$	¥ 0,=0.,0.= ¥	\$- 12,468,292								
	\$ 488,128	\$ 3,692,470 \$ 3,709,486	\$12,468,292								

#### December 31, 2023

#### 29. Financial Instruments (continued)

		Within 6 months		6 months to 1 year		1 to 5 years		Over 5 years	
Accounts payable Long-term debt	\$	۔ 485,150	\$	2,264,030 485,150	\$	۔ 3,851,929	\$	۔ 13,302,285	
	\$	485,150	\$	2,749,180	\$	3,851,929	\$	13,302,285	

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Town is exposed to interest rate risk arising from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect Town's long-term debt. Fluctuations in the bank's prime interest rates will result in increases or decreases in the cash flow requirements of this financial instruments via increases or decreases in the related interest expense as the loans are renewed.

A 1% increase in the interest rate would decrease Town's annual surplus by \$46,343 (2023-\$48,640). A 1% decrease in the interest rate would increase Town's surplus by \$46,343 (\$48,640).This sensitivity analysis was prepared on the basis that the Town's financial structure and investment portfolio remain constant.

#### Other prices risk

Other price risk is that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. The town is exposed to this risk through its portfolio investments. The Town mitigates this risk by holding a diverse investment portfolio.

A 10% increase in the market prices would increase the fair value of the Town's portfolio investments by \$1,163,419 (2023- \$1,110,130). A 10% decrease in the market prices would decrease the fair value of the Town's portfolio investments by \$1,163,419 (2023- \$1,110,130). This sensitivity analysis was prepared on the basis that the portfolio composition as of the reporting date remains constant and assuming other variables remain constant.

#### December 31, 2023

#### 29. Financial Instruments (continued)

Fair value meaurement

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured at fair value, using a fair value hierarchy of levels 1, 2 and 3. The levels reflect the significance of the inputs used in making the fair value measurements, as described below:

- Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices)
- Level 3 Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market date (unobservable inputs)

	2023								
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total					
Marketable Securities	1,673,669	-	-	1,673,669					
Canadian Corporate Bonds	-	215,546	-	215,546					
Investment in Lakeland Holdings Ltd.	-	-	5,855,104	5,855,104					
	1,673,669	215,546	5,855,104	7,744,319					
		20	022						
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total					
Marketable Securities	1,436,417	-	-	1,436,417					
Canadian Corporate Bonds	-	215,546	-	215,546					
Investment in Lakeland Holdings Ltd.	-	-	5,855,104	5,855,104					
	1,436,417	215,546	5,855,104	7,507,067					

The carrying amounts of these financial instruments are presented on the statement of financial position: Marketable Securities: \$1,242,031 (2022 - \$1,177,032), Canadian Corporate Bonds \$205,000 (2022 - \$205,000).

#### 30. Comparative Amounts

Certain comparative amounts presented in the financial statements have been reclassified to conform to current year's presentation.

## The Corporation of the Town of Parry Sound Consolidated Schedule of Segmented Disclosure Schedule 1

### December 31, 2023

	General Government	Protection to Persons and Property	Transportation Services	Environmental Services	Health Services	Social And Family Services	Recreation and Culture Services	Planning and Development	2023 Total
Revenue									
Property taxation	\$ 1,825,895	\$ 3,163,501	\$ 3,000,349	\$ 1,275,436	\$ 657,902	\$ 443,944	\$ 2,460,113	\$ 502,815	
Taxation from other governments	530,437	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	530,437
Revenue from other municipals	131,154	32,520	-	12,259	4,840,777	-	2,546,107	-	7,562,817
User charges	47,351	25,947	15,056	6,513,801	60,363	-	1,535,890	294,626	8,493,034
Government grants - Federal	809,775	-	-	-	-	-	137,093	-	946,868
Government grants - Provincial	2,281,877	88,446	1,258,197	127,586	6,715,544	-	265,084	-	10,736,734
Investment income	2,394,391	11,096	-	16,289	110,219	-	3,194	201	2,535,390
Penalties and interest on taxes/utilities	158,238	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	158,238
Donations	38,351		-	-	-	-	71,241	-	109,592
Fines	-	869,998	-	-	-	-	-	-	869,998
Other	454,249	-	-	-	-	-	34,911	87,052	576,212
Dividend income - Lakeland Holding	311,400	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	311,400
	8,983,118	4,191,508	4,273,602	7,945,371	12,384,805	443,944	7,053,633	884,694	46,160,675
Expenses									
Salaries, wages and benefits	1,342,744	1,401,803	1,343,784	1,911,448	366,768	-	1,882,925	579,786	8,829,258
Materials	479,196	249,938	966,595	1,283,857	225,995	-	1,409,396	1,903,104	6,518,081
Contracted services	314,213	2,307,674	511,747	1,232,244	10,560,289	-	355,618	358,369	15,640,154
Rents & financial services	87,872	20,435	1,943	13,154	82,736	-	37,508	15,954	259,602
Interest on long-term debt	113,420	-	253,201	250,568	-	-	83,817	-	701,006
External transfers to others	48,013	306,282	10,000	-	477,128	437,083	60,475	133,156	1,472,137
Amortization of tangible assets Inter-segment transfers	254,762	172,431	2,161,811	1,737,417	518,343	-	758,531	16,669	5,619,964
	2,640,220	4,458,563	5,249,081	6,428,688	12,231,259	437,083	4,588,270	3,007,038	39,040,202
Net Surplus (Deficit)	\$ 6,342,898	\$ (267,055)	\$ (975,479)	\$ 1,516,683	\$ 153,546	\$ 6,861	\$ 2,465,363	\$ (2,122,344)	\$ 7,120,473

### The Corporation of the Town of Parry Sound Consolidated Schedule of Segmented Disclosure Schedule 1

### December 31, 2022

	General Government	Protection to Persons and Property	Transportation Services	Environmental Services	Health Services	Social And Family Services	Recreation and Culture Services	Planning and Development	2022 Total
									Restated (note 3)
Revenue									
Property taxation	\$ 2,360,733	\$ 2,826,021	\$ 2,556,890	\$ 1,091,064	\$ 562,006	\$ 393,177	\$ 2,121,011	\$ 447,933	
Taxation from other governments	513,360	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	513,360
Revenue from other municipals	128,578	26,239	-	9,459	4,610,264	-	10,000	-	4,784,540
User charges	38,250	31,549	21,611	6,780,912	49,101	-	1,036,042	294,041	8,251,506
Government grants - Federal Government grants - Provincial	321,142 2,450,982	- 85,384	1,762,304	- 120,905	6,246,358	-	575,626 73,094	-	896,768 10,739,027
Investment income	2,450,982	3,693	1,762,304	6,751	6,246,356 38,222	-	2,433	436	1,033,125
Penalties and interest on taxes/utilities	123,540	3,075		0,751	50,222		2,433	430	123,540
Donations	22,979	_	_		_	-	27,865	_	50,844
Fines		928,404	-	-	-	-		-	928,404
Other	285,171		-	-	-	-	22,484	116,481	424,136
Dividend income - Lakeland Holding	311,400	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	311,400
Contributed capital	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	7,537,725	3,901,290	4,340,805	8,009,091	11,505,951	393,177	3,868,555	858,891	40,415,485
Expenses									
Salaries, wages and benefits	1,332,488	1,213,369	1,327,227	1,889,440	348,625	-	1,681,921	430,479	8,223,549
Materials	529,779	258,180	867,560	1,229,270	234,475	-	1,154,767	543,602	4,817,633
Contracted services	343,924	2,425,243	369,440	1,191,893	9,800,118	-	430,925	265,598	14,827,141
Rents & financial services (recovery)	(73,016)	15,729	3,438	11,135	78,729	-	28,892	(28,124)	
Interest on long-term debt	124,286	-	257,065	263,749	-	-	85,923	-	731,023
External transfers to others	23,404	353,530	10,000	-	462,962	426,948	7,397	65,418	1,349,659
Amortization of tangible assets	247,296	173,302	2,147,249	1,735,186	479,674	-	729,583	25,850	5,538,140
	2,528,161	4,439,353	4,981,979	6,320,673	11,404,583	426,948	4,119,408	1,302,823	35,523,928
Net Surplus (Deficit)	\$ 5,009,564	\$ (538,063)	\$ (641,174)	\$ 1,688,418	\$ 101,368	\$ (33,771)	\$ (250,853)	\$ (443,932)	\$ 4,891,557